

# ACS402-5SB4

# **ASD**<sup>TM</sup>

# **AC Switch Family**

## QUAD AC LINE SWITCH ARRAY

### **MAIN APPLICATIONS**

- AC Line switch for appliance control systems
- Drive of low power high inductive or resistive loads like:
  - solenoid, relay, valve, dispenser
  - micro-motor
  - door lock
  - low power lamp bulb
  - pump
  - fan

#### **FEATURES**

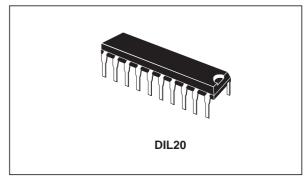
- 4 high voltage AC switch array
- V<sub>DRM</sub> / V<sub>RRM</sub> = 500V
- Avalanche controlled device
- I<sub>T(RMS)</sub> = 0.2 A per switch
- $I_{T(RMS)} = 0.4 A$  for the total array
- Gate triggering current : I<sub>GT</sub> < 10 mA</li>
- Switch integrated driver

### **BENEFITS**

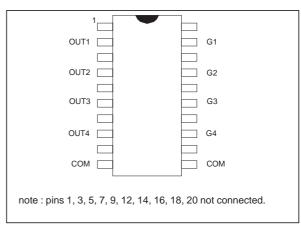
- Miniaturizes 4 switches in 1 package.
- Reduces the switch component count by up to 80%.
- Needs no more external protection snubber & varietor
- Enables the equipment to meet IEC1000-4-5 standard.
- Interfaces directly with the microcontroller.
- Eliminates any stressing gate kick back on the microcontroller.

### **DESCRIPTION**

The ACS402 belongs to the AC line switches array family built around the ASD™ concept. This high performance planar technology device includes 4 bi-directional a.c. switches able to control an 0.2 A resistive or inductive load.



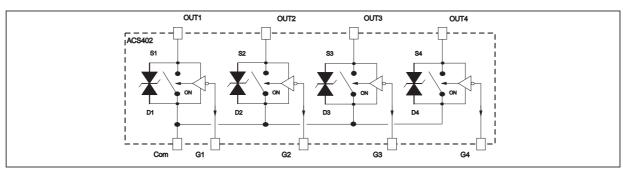
### **PIN OUT CONNECTION**



Each ACS™ switch integrates a high voltage clamping structure to absorb the inductive turn off energy and a gate level shifter driver to separate the digital controller from each main switch. It is triggered with a negative gate current flowing out of the gate pin.

Note: For further technical information, please refer to the Application note AN1172

### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



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## **ABSOLUTE RATINGS** (limiting values)

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit
$V_{DRM} \ V_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak off-state voltage		Tj = 25 °C	500	V
I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>	RMS on-state current full cycle sine wave 50 to 60 Hz	per switch	Tamb = 90 °C	0.2	Α
		total array	Tamb = 75 °C	0.4	Α
$I_{TSM}$	I <sub>TSM</sub> Non repetitive surge peak on-state current Tj initial = 25°C, full cycle sine wave		F =50 Hz	5	Α
			F =60 Hz	5.5	Α
dl/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current I <sub>G</sub> = 20mA with tr = 100ns		Repetitive F =120 Hz	20	A/μs
$V_{PP}$	Non repetitive line peak pulse voltage note 1		2	kV	
Tstg	Storage temperature range			- 40 to + 150	°C
Tj	Operating junction temperature range			0 to + 110	°C
TI	Maximum lead temperature for soldering during 10s			260	°C

note 1 : according to test described by IEC 1000-4-5 standard & Figure 3.

## **SWITCH GATE CHARACTERISTICS** (maximum values)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
P <sub>G (AV)</sub>	Average gate power dissipation	0.1	W
I <sub>GM</sub>	Peak gate current (tp = $20\mu s$ )	1	Α
V <sub>GM</sub>	Peak positive gate voltage (respect to the pin COM)	5	V

### THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Symbol Parameter		Unit
Rth (j-a)	Junction to ambient	90	°C/W

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS PER SWITCH**

For either positive or negative polarity of pin OUT1, OUT2, OUT3, OUT4 voltage respect to pin COM voltage

Symbol	Test conditions			Values	Unit
I <sub>GT</sub>	$V_D = 12V$ (DC) $R_L = 140\Omega$	Tj=25°C	MAX	10	mA
V <sub>GT</sub>	$V_D = 12V$ (DC) $R_L = 140\Omega$	Tj=25°C	MAX	1	V
$V_{GD}$	$V_{OUT} = V_{DRM} R_L = 3.3 k\Omega$	Tj=110°C	MIN	0.2	V
I <sub>H</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mA gate open	Tj=25°C	TYP	25	mA
			MAX	60	mA
ΙL	I <sub>G</sub> = 20mA	Tj=25°C	TYP	30	mA
			MAX	65	mA
V <sub>TM</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.3A tp = 380μs	Tj=25°C	MAX	1.1	V
I <sub>DRM</sub>	Vout = Vdrm Vout = Vrrm	Tj=25°C	MAX	2	μА
IRRM		Tj=110°C	MAX	50	μА
dV/dt	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 400V gate open	Tj=110°C	MIN	500	V/μs
(dl/dt)c	(dV <sub>OUT</sub> /dt)c = 10V/μs	Tj=110°C	MIN	0.1	A/ms
V <sub>CL</sub>	I <sub>CL</sub> = 1mA tp = 1ms	Tj=25°C	TYP	600	V

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### **AC LINE SWITCH BASIC APPLICATION**

The ACS402 device is well adapted to washing machine, dishwasher, tumble drier, refrigerator, water heater and cookware. It has been designed especially to switch ON and OFF low power loads such as solenoid, valve, relay, micro-motor, pump, fan, door lock and low wattage lamp bulb.

Pin COM: Common drive reference to connect to the power line neutral

Pin G: Switch Gate input to connect to the digital controller

Pin OUT: Switch Output to connect to the load

Each ACS™ switch is triggered with a negative gate current flowing out of the gate pin G. It can be driven directly by the digital controller through a resistor as shown on the typical application diagram. Note that no protection device (zener or capacitors) should be added between gates and common terminals.

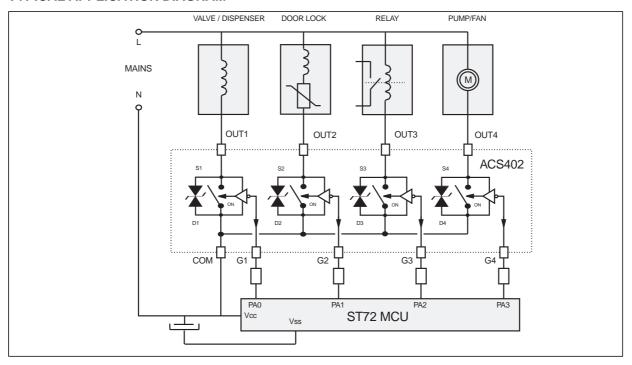
In appliances systems, this ACS™ switch intends to drive low power load in full cycle ON / OFF mode. The turn off commutation characteristics of these loads can be classified in 3 groups as shown in table 1.

Thanks to its thermal and turn off commutation performances, each switch of the ACS402 is able to drive an inductive or resistive load up to 0.2 A with no additional turn off snubber.

**Table 1:** Load grouping versus their turn off commutation requirement (230V AC applications).

LOAD	IRMS	POWER FACTOR	(dl/dt)c	(dV/dt)c	TURN-OFF DELAY
	(A)		(A/ms)	(V/μs)	(ms)
Door lock Lamp	< 0.3	1	0.15	0.15	< 10
	< 0.6	1	0.4	0.15	< 20
Relay Valve Dispenser Micro-motor	< 0.1	> 0.7	< 0.05	< 5	< 10
Pump Fan	< 0.2	> 0.2	< 0.1	< 10	< 10
	< 0.6	> 0.2	< 0.3	< 10	< 20

### TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAM



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#### SWITCH-OFF OPERATION

At the end of the last conduction half-cycle, the load current reaches the holding current level  $I_H$ , and the ACS<sup>TM</sup> switch turns off. Because of the inductance L of the load, the current flows through the avalanche diode D and decreases linearly to zero. During this time, the voltage across the switch is limited to the clamping voltage  $V_{CL}$ .

The energy stored in the inductance of the load depends on the holding current  $I_H$  and the inductance (up to 10 H); it can reach about 20 mJ and is dissipated in the clamping section that is especially designed for that purpose.

Fig 1: Turn-off operation of the ACS402 switch with an electro valve: waveform of the gate current  $I_{G}$ , pin OUT current  $I_{OUT}$  & voltage  $V_{OUT}$ .

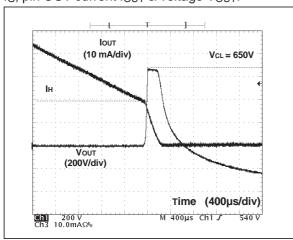
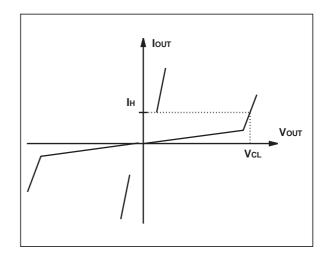


Fig 2: ACS402 switch static characteristic.



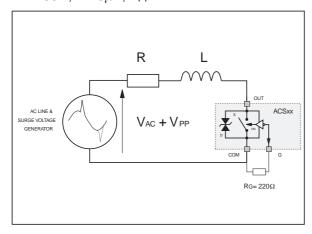
### **AC LINE TRANSIENT VOLTAGE RUGGEDNESS**

Each ACS402 switch is able to sustain safely the AC line transient voltages either by clamping the low energy spikes or by breaking over under high energy shocks, even with high turn-on current rises.

The test circuit of the figure 3 is representative of the final ACS™ application and is also used to stress the ACS™ switch according to the IEC1000-4-5 standard conditions. Thanks to the load, the ACS™ switch sustains the voltage spikes up to 2 kV above the peak line voltage. It will break over safely even on resistive load where the turn on current rise is high as shown on figure 4. Such non repetitive test can be done 10 times on each AC line voltage polarity.

**Fig 3:** Overvoltage ruggedness test circuit for resistive and inductive loads according to IEC 1000-4-5 standard.

 $R = 150\Omega$ ,  $L = 5\mu H$ ,  $V_{PP} = 2kV$ .



**Fig 4:** Current and voltage of the ACS<sup>™</sup> during IEC 1000-4-5 standard test with a 220Ω - 10μH load & V<sub>PP</sub> = 2kV.

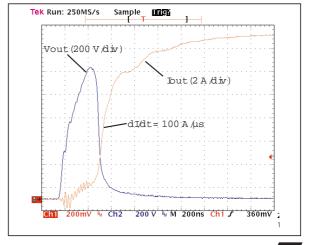


Fig 5: Relative variation of gate trigger current versus junction temperature

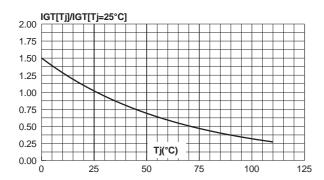


Fig 7: On state characteristics @Tj max  $V_{TO} = 0.90 \ V \& R_T = 0.3 \ \Omega \ (maximum \ values)$  Pon =  $V_{TO}$  .2.  $\sqrt{2}$  .  $I_{T(RMS)} / \Pi + R_T \ x \ I_{T(RMS)}^2$ 

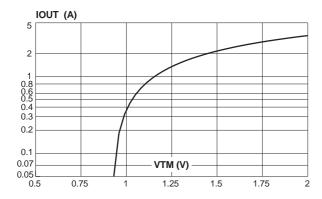


Fig 9: Relative variation of thermal impedance junction to ambient versus pulse duration (epoxy printed circuit board FR4,  $35\mu m$  copper layout thickness).

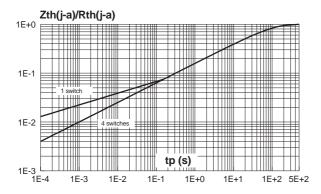


Fig 6: Relative variation of holding & latching currents versus junction temperature

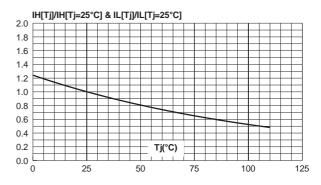
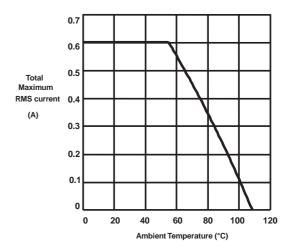
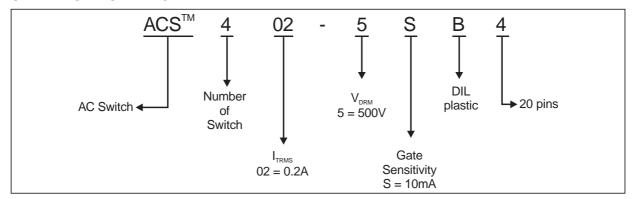


Fig 8: Maximum total RMS current versus ambient temperature on an inductive load (PF>0.1) and a low repetitive rate (F<1Hz)



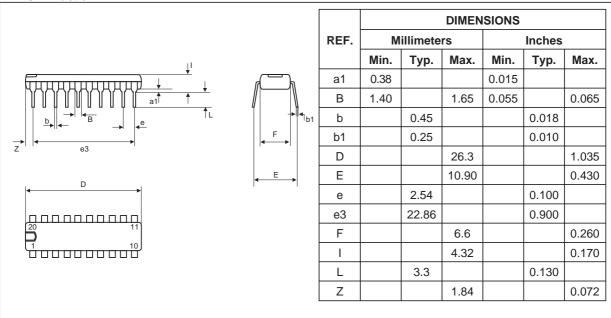
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### **ORDERING INFORMATION**



### **PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA**

DIL20 Plastic



Ordering type	Marking	Package	Weight	Base qty	Delivery mode
ACS402-5SB4	ACS402 5	DIL20	1.4g.	19	Tube

Epoxy meets UL94,V0

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